Classroom Activity Guide for

Daniel Boone
Trailblazer

By Nancy Kelly Allen
Illustrated by Joan C. Waites

Guide created by Nancy Kelly Allen
Facilitate whole class participation in shared reading and discussion of Daniel Boone: Trailblazer. Read aloud the story. Ask the following open-ended questions:

- Explain that stories have a beginning, middle, and end. Ask if the Boone story would make sense if the three parts were mixed up, such as End, Beginning, Middle. Students will explain answers by using facts from the story.

- Why do we celebrate the work of Daniel Boone? What was Boone’s contribution to America? To Kentucky?

- Discuss biographies. Some biographies cover the entire life of a person. Some biographies cover only the part of a person’s life for which the person became famous. Why do you suppose the author stopped the biography of Daniel Boone before he died? (There are no right or wrong answers, only students’ opinions).

- How has Kentucky has changed since Boone’s exploration? What do you think America was like at that time? How has the environment changed since Boone’s days in Kentucky? Consider the types of roads, bridges, and means of transportation, as well as housing, jobs, food supply, and communication.

- What part of Boone’s life did you find to be most interesting? Explain.

- Ask students if they would like to explore space. Why? Discuss what the challenges--food sources, shelters, cost of travel, fear of the unknown--are in exploring unknown territory.

- Is this book fiction or nonfiction? How do you know? What type of information is in the book?

- What challenges did Boone face during his lifetime?

- Why do you think he traveled so much?
Activities:

- Students will use a map or globe to locate the setting of the story. What does the map or globe tell about Kentucky? Tennessee? North Carolina? Virginia? Is there a shared border between these states?

- Read another picture book on the life of Daniel Boone. Compare and contrast the information in the two books. Discuss the following: how the two books covered some of the same information; how the books focused on different information; the different types of illustrations or pictures; the writing styles; the part of Boone’s life that was emphasized most.

- Students will pretend to be Daniel Boone on a long hunt and far from home. Have them write in a journal a typical day in Boone’s life, from morning to night. Include his feelings, descriptions of what he saw, heard, touched, tasted. Include dialogue, even if he is only talking to his horse.

- Students will write a letter to convince a settler that he/she should leave his/her home and move the family to the Kentucky wilderness where they will live in a fort.

- Give each student a handout with the outline of the shape of Boone’s hat on it. Students will list facts about Boone on each hat and decorate it. Make a chart of the different facts listed on the hats. Post the hats on a wall or bulletin board.

- Students will write a poem about Boone using the first letters in his name to begin each line of the poem:

  Example: Bound for new elbow room

  One step at a time

  O

  N

  E

- Students pretend to be a newspaper reporter and interview Daniel Boone. Ask questions and record answers. Write the newspaper article. (Students may partner with another student. One student is the interviewer and the other is Daniel Boone).
Math Connection:

- Pioneer children enjoyed playing games. The games they played were with items they made or found.

**Materials:** 6 small pebbles, small bowl or container.

Make a line on one side of each pebble with marker. Place pebbles in bowl. Students take turns, lightly tossing the pebbles, catching them again in bowl. Count the number of pebbles with the line up. This is your score. Students keep track of the scores on a chart. (Students could toss the pebbles into a bowl located approximately four feet away. Count and chart the number of pebbles that land in the bowl.)

- Patchwork quilt for younger students.

Give students 8"x8" pieces of white construction paper. Using crayons, markers or any other type of material, the children will need to decorate their own square. Students will draw pictures representing the life of Daniel Boone. You will then need to assemble the squares together, punch holes along the edges and then use yarn to "sew" them together.

- Patchwork quilt for older students.

Show students several pictures of quilt designs before beginning this activity. Give students 4"x4" pieces of construction paper of various colors. Students will cut some of the squares into two triangles and some squares into four triangles. Arrange the squares and triangles into patterns to make quilt blocks. Put the blocks together to make a quilt. Encourage student will create various designs and give each design a name.

- People used British monetary units in colonial times: 1 pound (£1) was worth 20 shillings, 1 shilling was worth 12 pence (or pennies), 1 penny was worth 4 farthings, and 1 guinea was worth 21 shillings. The problems below show the kinds of arithmetic problems children who lived in the colonies might have had to solve. Can you solve them?

1. 1 pound = _____ pence
2. 1 shilling = _____ farthings
3. 2 guineas = _____ shillings
4. 100 farthings = _____ shillings _____ pence
5. 6 shillings 3 pence = _____ pence
6. 30 pence = _____ shillings _____ pence
7. 488 pence = _____ pounds _____ pence
8. 504 pence = _____ guineas
9. 5 pounds = _____ guineas _____ shillings
10. 2 guineas 6 pence = _____ farthings

**Answer Key:**
1. 240 pence; 2. 48 farthings; 3. 42 shillings; 4. 2 shillings, 4 pence; 5. 75 pence; 6. 2 shillings, 6 pence; 7. 2 pounds, 8 pence; 8. 2 guineas, 9. 4 guineas, 16 shillings; 10. 2040 farthings.

**CHALLENGE PROBLEM:**
Sarah and Nathaniel sold the extra vegetables from their garden to travelers on their road to Philadelphia. They sold 32 tomatoes for 1 farthing each, 16 bunches of carrots for 1 pence a bunch, 96 ears of corn for 1 shilling a dozen, and 48 potatoes at two for 1 pence.

1. How much money did they make in pence? __________ Answer: 144
2. How many shillings did they each earn? __________ Answer: 12
Study a map and the key. Locate the route Daniel Boone traveled and calculate the miles.

Social Studies Connection:

* Many pioneer children made and played with dried apple dolls. Students can make their own.

Materials:

- Plastic knives (for safety)
- Felt-tip pens
- Cotton
- Fabric
- One apple per child
- Beads
- Wire
- Glue
- Dowel rods or popsicle sticks

Procedure:

1. Each student will peel a large, hard apple, leaving a little skin at the top and bottom so it will dry in a round shape.
2. Facial features will be carved - slits for eyes, a protruding nose and slit for mouth.
3. The apples need to be cored and placed on a dowel or Popsicle stick and let dry for 3-4 weeks.
4. The face can be decorated with beads for the eyes, teeth and nose or felt-tip pens can be used.
5. The body can be formed by wire with cloth strips wrapped around it. Then clothes and extras can be added for character.

- Fort Boonesborough was made of log cabins. To make a log cabin, rinse and dry an empty milk carton or juice container. Use straws or pretzels for the “logs” and glue them to the sides of the carton. If you use pretzels, you may want to use frosting to "glue" the pretzels onto the milk carton. That way the kids can safely nibble while they are constructing and the pretzels seem to stay stuck to the carton better with the frosting than they do with glue.
Discuss with students how they think they would prepare for a journey into pioneer Kentucky in which they are uncertain of the final destination. This journey could take weeks to complete, and the weather conditions, terrain, and resources are unknown. What would they bring? Tell students to think about how they would cope if they had no refrigerators, no electrical outlets, and no ovens on their journey. How and what would they eat? Remind students that these are some of the decisions the pioneers had to make before they embarked on their journeys. Place students in small groups and ask each group to develop a list of items they should take on their trip to Fort Boonesborough. After they finish, compare the students' lists with the list of items the pioneers most likely brought on their journey.

Make a chart of the items listed. What were the most favored items? What were the least favored items?

There were not many schoolhouses during Daniel Boone’s childhood. Paper and textbooks were scarce so boys and girls recited their lessons until they memorized them. The three most commonly used books were the Bible, a primer, and a hornbook. The hornbook was a wooden paddle with parchment attached. The text was then covered with a protective sheet of transparent animal horn -- hence the name hornbook. A hornbook was used to practice the alphabet and one of the first devices used to teach reading. A play hornbook is easy to make.

Step 1: On a piece of cardboard, draw a paddle shape. Then cut it out. Cut a piece of paper the width and length of the long part of the paddle.
Step 2: Write the alphabet on a piece of paper in capital letters. Then, write the lower case letters. Paste this onto the paddle.
Step 3: Tear a piece of plastic wrap that will be used to cover the hornbook. Put the plastic over the hornbook, and fold the corners. Tape each corner down.

- Punch a hole in the handle and insert a string. Tie string.
- Display hornbooks on the bulletin board.
Label the following three headings on a poster or board:

Already Know  Want to Know  Learned

Explain that you will be reading and discussing a book about Daniel Boone. Ask the students to list 3-5 things they already know about Daniel Boone. Under the heading “Already Know,” list student comments. Ask students to list 3-5 things they would like to know about Boone and write their comments under “Want to Know.” After reading the book, ask students to list 3-5 things they learned about Boone. List comments under the third column, “Learned.” Use the library or Internet to find information in the “Want to Know” list that wasn’t found in the book.

For younger students: Model listening for a fact about Boone by pointing out a fact in a passage just read. After reading the story, have students recall facts about Boone. Make a list of “Boone facts.”

For Kentucky Core Content correlations, visit http://www.nancykellyallen.com/class_activities.htm

ABOUT THE BOOK

**Daniel Boone: Trailblazer** By Nancy Kelly Allen, Illustrated by Joan C. Waites

Accelerated Reader Program Selection

Daniel Boone is a familiar name to most Americans, but few know the myriad trails he blazed that led to his fame. Beginning with his birth in the Pennsylvania backwoods and culminating in his final days in Missouri, *Daniel Boone: Trailblazer* demonstrates the American legend’s pioneer spirit and his constant need for more “elbow room.”

Although Boone spent a lifetime leading pioneers westward to find land, he continually lost his own to land speculators. This lively picture book offers young readers a simple, chronological glimpse of his gains and losses, adventures, and roles as farmer, hunter, surveyor, statesman, husband, father, and grandfather. Boone emerges as a heroic figure, successful and beloved despite his setbacks.

Always on the go, Boone’s persistence and frontier fortitude make this a riveting read for all ages. Illustrations by Joan C. Waites capture the spirit of the intrepid explorer and depict the American wilderness as it once was.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Author Nancy Kelly Allen lives with her husband and two dogs in Hazard, Kentucky, in the same log house in which she grew up. She holds a master’s degree in library science from the University of Kentucky and has written several children’s books.

ABOUT THE ILLUSTRATOR

Illustrator Joan C. Waites has illustrated over thirty-five books for the educational and trade marketplace, including two previous books for Pelican: *Moon’s Cloud Blanket* ($15.95) and *The Waving Girl* ($15.95). Joan lives and works in Silver Spring, Maryland, with her husband, Gerard, and their three children.

32 pp. 8½ x 11  31 color illus.  Ages 5-8  ISBN: 1-58980-212-8  $15.95